







UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/440,645	11/16/1999	AVERY FONG	5244-0109-2	3214

7590

08/01/2002

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EXAMINER PARTON, KEVIN S

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2153

DATE MAILED: 08/01/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
٠,	•	09/440,645	FONG ET AL.			
,	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Kevin Parton	2153			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet with				
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuely received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Responsive to communication(s) filed on	136(a). In no event, however, may a repliply within the statutory minimum of thirty (d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH te, cause the application to become ABAN ing date of this communication, even if time	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication.			
2a)□		his action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde on of Claims	vance except for formal matte	rs, prosecution as to the merits is 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
4)🛛	Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application	on.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
	on Papers	·				
9) 🗌 🗆	he specification is objected to by the Examin	er.				
10)🛛 7	he drawing(s) filed on $\underline{11/16/1999}$ is/are: a) \boxtimes	accepted or b) objected to by	y the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
11)□ T	he proposed drawing correction filed on					
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re					
12) 🗌 T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer.				
riority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
	All b) Some * c) None of:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.				
;	2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Appl	ication No			
	Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
	4) \square Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. \S 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language procknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ovisional application has been	received.			
Notice Notice Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Infor	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) mal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
Patent and Train D-326 (Rev.		ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 4			

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1, 10, 19, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Claims 1, 10, 19, and 28 recite the limitation "derived from the abstract class" in lines 6, 6, 6, and 10, respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C.

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122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

- 6. Claims 1, 2, 10, 19, 28, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407).
- 7. Regarding claims 1, 10, 19, and 28 Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) teach a system for monitoring the usage of a web page comprising:
 - a. An interface of a target application, the interface comprising a plurality of operations to be selected by a user (figure 1; column 4, lines 10-22). Note that the application in the reference is a web page with inputs and links.
 - b. A monitoring unit configured to monitor data of selecting of the plurality of operations of the interface by the user, and to generate a log of the monitored data (column 4, lines 22-25), the log of the monitored data being in a form of a map mapping key data to respective value data (column 4, lines 35-49).

 Note that the reference does not use these specific terms, but it does create a file with data to be collected (key data) mapped to the value (value data).
 - c. A communicating unit configured to receive an object including the log of the monitored data, and to communicate the log of the monitored data (column 5, lines 47-49; column 5, line 66 column 6, line 2).
- 8. Regarding claims 2, 11, 20, and 29, Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) teach all the limitations as applied to claims 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively. They further teach means wherein the target application is a software application and the interface is a display screen of the

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software application (column 3, lines 43-60; figure 1. Note that in the reference the application is a web page downloaded to the client machine.

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- 9. Regarding claims 5, 14, 23, and 32, Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) teach all the limitations as applied to claims 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively. They further teach means wherein the communicating unit sends the log of the monitored data when the user exits the target application (column 5, lines 47-53). Note that the reference refers to the sending of the log upon termination of the browser or moving to a new site.
- 10. Regarding claims 7, 16, 25, and 34, Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) teach all the limitations as applied to claims 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively. They further teach means wherein the key data and the value data in the map both contain string data (column 4, lines 35-49). Note that the returned values in the reference are in string format.
- Regarding claims 8, 17, 26, and 35, Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) teach all the limitations as applied to claims 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively. They further teach means wherein the value data includes vectors which contain string data (column 4, lines 35-49; figure 2). Note that vector format is not explicitly stated in the reference but is the implied method of storage due to the linking of key data to the values for that data that will have several different values for one session (hover time, for example).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 13. Claims 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, and 36 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) in view of Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216).
- 14. Regarding claims 3, 12, 21, and 30, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) teaches all of the limitations as applied to claims, 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively.

Although the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) shows substantial features of the claimed invention, it fails to disclose means wherein the target application is an image forming device and the interface is an operation panel of the image forming device.

Nonetheless, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407), as evidenced by Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216).

In an analogous art, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) discloses a system for communicating user configuration of an image forming device wherein the target application is an image forming device and the interface is an operation panel of the image forming device (figure 1; figure 5).

Given the teaching of Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216), a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) by employing the concept of usage monitoring on the image forming device. Image forming devices are often located remotely from their manufacturers and maintenance contractors. By monitoring usage and errors, the contractors can more quickly and

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accurately diagnose and remedy problems with the machine benefiting the client and the contractor.

15. Regarding claims 4, 13, 22, and 31, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) teaches all of the limitations as applied to claims, 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively.

Although the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) shows substantial features of the claimed invention, it fails to disclose means wherein the target application is an appliance and the interface is an operation panel of the appliance.

Nonetheless, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407), as evidenced by Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216).

In an analogous art, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) discloses a system for communicating user configuration of an image-forming device wherein the target application is an appliance and the interface is an operation panel of the appliance. (figure 1; figure 5). Note that the term "appliance" is vague and is taken here to be any type of equipment with a user interface and a business or household application.

Given the teaching of Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216), a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) by employing the concept of usage monitoring on the image forming device. Image forming devices are often located remotely from their manufacturers and maintenance contractors. By monitoring usage and errors, the contractors can more quickly and accurately diagnose and remedy problems with the machine benefiting the client and the contractor.

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16. Regarding claims 6, 15, 24, and 33, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) teaches all of the limitations as applied to claims, 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively.

Although the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) shows substantial features of the claimed invention, it fails to disclose means comprising a setting unit configured to set a number of sessions of the target application to be executed by the user prior to the communicating unit communicating the log of the monitored data.

Nonetheless, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407), as evidenced by Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216).

In an analogous art, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) discloses a system for communicating user configuration to a central server comprising a setting unit configured to set a number of sessions of the target application to be executed by the user prior to the communicating unit communicating the log of the monitored data (figure 12). Note that in the reference, analyzing the settings leads to communication with the server.

Given the teaching of Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216), a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) by employing the use of a variable to note how many times an action occurs before sending data. This benefits the system because during slow use periods, wasted communications can be avoided to reduce traffic and processor load.

17. Regarding claims 9, 18, 27, and 36, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) teaches all of the limitations as applied to claims, 1, 10, 19, and 28, respectively.

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Although the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) shows substantial features of the claimed invention, it fails to disclose means wherein the communicating unit communicates the log of the monitored data by Internet mail.

Nonetheless, these features are well known in the art and would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407), as evidenced by Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216).

In an analogous art, Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216) discloses a system for communicating user configuration to a central server comprising means wherein the communicating unit communicates the log of the monitored data by Internet mail (column 4, lines 39-42).

Given the teaching of Motoyama (USPN 5,887,216), a person having ordinary skill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Middleton, III et al. (USPN 6,393,407) by employing the use of the Internet for communication back to the central server. This allows the system to be monitored by entities outside the operating network and for increased security in the transmission of the log files. The central server can reside at a contractor facility and allow for maintenance from that location rather than an on-site visit.

Conclusion

18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Sawada (USPN 6,141,507) and Coffey et al. (USPN 5,675,510) teach systems for the monitoring and communications of computer or appliance usage.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Parton whose telephone number is (703)306-0543. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00AM - 4:30PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton Burgess can be reached on (703)305-4792. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)746-9242 for regular communications and (703)746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

Kevin Parton Examiner Art Unit 2153

ksp July 17, 2002

> Dung C. Dinh Primary Examiner